## Conservative Research Department

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## PUBLIC OPINION BACKGROUND NOTE 86

1. Introduction

An N.O.P. opinion poll published in the Daily Mail on 16th October 1981 (and conducted 13/14th October) looked at attitudes in Croydon N.W. They found support for the three main candidates fairly evenly split with $36 \%$ of the electorate claiming they would vote for the Liberal-Social Democratic Alliance candidate, $32 \%$ Labour and $31 \%$ Conservative. The errors inherent in any opinion poll mean that the findings in the N.O.P. survey were in effect showing the three main candidates being neck and neck, eight days before polling day.

The interviewing for our latest Gallup tracking study was conducted from 7 th to 12 th October - before our Party Conference started. The survey found a sharp fall in the level of support for Labour, no real change in the level of support for the Liberals and the Conservatives and a sharp increase in support for the Social Democrats. The improvement in the S.D. support takes them back to the level we found before the fall in support we found in last week's survey conducted 30th September 5th October. Support for the Conservative Party increased from 26\% (30th September/ 5 th October) to $27 \% 7 / 12$ October. Labour support dropped from $38 \%$ ( 30 th September/ 5 th October) to $31 \%$ ( $7 / 12$ October). Liberal support remained unchanged - $12 \%$ (30th September/5th October) to $12 \frac{1}{2} \% 7 / 12$ October. Social Democratic support increased from $21 \%$ ( 30 th September $/ 5$ th October) to $26 \frac{1}{2} \%$ in the latest study ( $7 / 12$ October).

## VOTING INTENTION

| - | CON | LAB | LIB | $\frac{\text { SOCIAL }}{\text { DEMOCRAT }}$ | OTHES | LEAD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| May (GE) | 43.9 | 36.9 | 13.8 | - | 5.5 | +7.0 |
| 13/18 June* | 42.0 | 43.5 | 13.0 | - | 5.0 | -9.0 |
| 3/8 June | 31.0 | 40.0 | 14.0 | 12.5 | 2.5 | -9.0 |
| 9/15 June | 29.5 | 37.5 | 18.0 | 12.5 | 2.5 | -8.0** |
| 16/22 June | 32.0 | 37.0 | 15.5 | 13.0 | 2.5 | -5.0 |
| 24/30 June | 29.0 | 40.0 | 17.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | -11.0 |
| 1/6 July | 30.5 | 39.5 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 3.0 | -9.0 |
| 8/13 July | 30.0 | 40.5 | 14.5 | 12.0 | 3.0 | -10.5** |
| 15/20 July | 29.0 | 36.0 | 16.0 | 17.0 | 2.0 | -7.0 |
| 22/27 July | 26.0 | 38.0 | 13.0 | 21.0 | 2.0 | -12.0 |
| 29 July/ 3 Aug | 25.5 | 40.0 | 11.5 | 20.5 | 2.5 | -14.5 |
| 5/10 August $12 / 17$ August | 27.0 28.0 | 36.0 38.5 | 15.0 13.0 | 18.0 19.0 | 4.0 1.5 | -9.0 |
| 19/24 August | 29.0 | 34.0 | 17.0 | 18.0 | 2.0 | -5.0 |
| 26/31 August $\therefore$ | 26:0** | 41.0 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 2.0 | -15.0 |
| 1/7 September | 25.0 | 41.0 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 3.0 | -16.0 |
| 9/14 September | 32.0 | 36.5 | 11.5 | 17.5 | 2.5 | -4.5** |
| 16/21 September | 25.0 | 36.5 | 16.0 | 19.0 | 3.5 | -11.5 |
| 23/28 September | 24.5 | 33.5 | 16.5 | 24.0 | 1.5 | -9.0 |
| 30th September/5th October | 26.0 | 38.0 | 12.0 | 21.0 | 3.0 | -12.0 |
| 7/12 October | 27.0 | 31.0 | 12.5 | 26.5 | 3.0 | -4.0 |

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In addition to the standard voting intention question (which forms the basis of the analysis considered above) and does not include specific reference to any of the political parties - our Gallup tracking study includes two additional questions as to how respondents said they would vote if they could support (a) a Social Democrat candidate or (b) a Liberal-Social Democratic Alliance candidate. Details of answers we have obtained in response to these questions are shown below. It should be noted that these particular questions have not been re-calculated to exclude don't knows.

VOTING INTENTION IF
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE
(including don't knows)

| $\frac{3 / 8}{\substack{\text { June } \\ \%}}$ | $\frac{9 / 15}{\text { June }} \frac{(\%}{}$ | $\frac{16 / 22}{\frac{\text { June }}{\%}}$ | $\frac{24 / 30}{\substack{\text { June } \\ \%}}$ | $\frac{1 / 6}{\mathrm{July}} \underset{\%}{ }$ | $\frac{8 / 13}{\substack{\text { July } \\ \%}}$ | $\frac{15 / 20}{\substack{\text { July } \\ \%}}$ | $\frac{22 / 27}{\substack{\text { July } \\ \%}}$ | $\frac{29 \mathrm{Jul}}{3 \mathrm{Aug}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{5 / 10}{\text { Aug }} \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \frac{12 / 17}{\text { Aug }} \\ \% \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conservative 22 | 23 | 23 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 21 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Labour 27 | 28 | 28 | 31 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 30 | 27 | 27 |
| Liberal 9 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Others 2 | 1 | 2 | $11 / 2$ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Social Democrat Party23 | 20 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 23 | 29 | 26 | 25 | 26 |
| Social Democrat/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liberal Alliance - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Don't know/it depends17 | 16 | 16 | 161/2 | 16 | 18 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 18 | 18 |


|  | 19/24 | 26/31 | $1 / 7$ | 9/14 | 16/21 | 23/28 | 30th Sep | 7/1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aug } \\ \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aug } \\ \% \end{array}$ | Sept \% | Sept \% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 5th Oct } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Oct \% |
| Conservative | 21 | 20 | 19 | 23 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 19 |
| Labour | 25 | 28 | 29 | 27 | 27 | 23 | 29 | 23 |
| Liberal | 11 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 8 |
| Others | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Social Democrat Party | y 25 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 25 | 30 |
| Social Democrat/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liberal Alliance | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Don't know/it depends | s 16 | 18 | 15 | 18 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 18 |

VOTING INTENTION IF SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC/LIBERAL ALLIANCE


|  | 19/24 | 26/31 | 1/7 | 9/14 | 16/21 | 23/28 | 30th Sep | $7 / 12$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aug } \\ \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aug } \\ \% \end{array}$ | Sept \% | Sept \% | Sept \% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { th Oct } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |
| Conservative | 21 | 19 | 20 | 23 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 19 |
| Labour | 25 | 27 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 23 | 27 | 22 |
| Liberal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Others | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Social Democrat Party | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Social Democrat/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liberal Alliance | 35 | 31 | 33 | 32 | 40 | 40 | 34 | 38 |
| Don't know/it depends | 18 | 22 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 19 | 19 | 19 |

Changes in support for the parties in answer to these questions closely parallels the changes in support for the parties we found in response to the standard unprompted voting intention question. Details of the answers to the three standard voting intention questions are given below:-

## VOTING INTENTION QUESTIONS

|  | Standard Voting <br> Intention |  |  |  | Voting if Social <br> Democratic Candidate |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Voting if Social Democratic/ }}{\text { Liberal Alliance Candidate }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \frac{23 / 28}{\text { Sept }} \\ \% \end{array}$ | $\frac{30}{5}$ | $\frac{\text { Sept }}{\text { Oct }} \begin{gathered} \% \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{7 / 12}{0 c t}$ | $\frac{23 / 28}{\text { Sept }}$ | $\frac{30}{5}$ | $\frac{\text { Sept }}{\text { Oct }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{7 / 12}{\text { Oct }} \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{23 / 28}{\substack{\text { Sept } t \\ \%}}$ | $\frac{30 \text { Sept }}{5 \begin{array}{c} \text { Oct } \\ \% \end{array}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{7 / 12}{O c t} \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |
| Conservative | 22 |  | 23 | 23 | 18 |  | 19 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 19 |
| Labour | 30 |  | 33 | 27 | 23 |  | 29 | 23 | 23 | 27 | 22 |
| Liberal | 15 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 |  | 8 | 8 | - | - | - |
| Social Democrat | 21 |  | 19 | 23 | 30 |  | 25 | 30 | - | - | - |
| SD/Liberal | $\sim$ |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | 40 | 34 | 38 |
| Others | 2 |  | 3 | 3 | 2 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Don't know | 10 |  | 12 | 13 | 17 |  | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 |

## 3. Government Record

For the fourth week in succession, our study found what amounts to no change in the level of approval for the record of the Government - $20 \%$ approved and $68 \%$ disapproved. Details are shown below:-

|  | GOVERNMENT RECORD |  | Don't Know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Approve | Disapprove |  |
|  | \% | \% | \% |
| 1979 |  |  |  |
| 13/18 June | 34 | 41 | 25 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |
| 3/8 June | 26 | 60 | 14 |
| /15 June | 26 | 63 | 11 |
| 16/22 June | 29 | 59 | 12 |
| 24/30 June | 23 | 67 | 10 |
| 1/6 July | 24 | 63 | 13 |
| 8/13 July | 23 | 66 | 11 |
| 15/20 July | 23 | 66 | 11 |
| 22/27 July | 23 | 66 | 11 |
| 29 July/ 3 August | 23 | 65 | 12 |
| 5/10 August | 23 | 64 | 13 |
| 12/17 August | 23 | 66 | 11 |
| 19/24 August | 26 | 64 | 10 |
| 26/31 August | 23 | 64 | 13 |
| 1/7 September | 23 | 65 | 13 |
| 9/14 September | 26 | 63 | 11 |
| 16/21 September | 21 | 67 | 11 |
| 23/28 September | 21 | 66 | 13 |
| 30th Sept/5th Oct | 21 | 70 | 10 |
| 7/12 October | 20 | 68 | 12 |

## 4. Popularity of Political Leaders

All the changes in the public's approval of the three main party leaders in our latest study are within the bands of errors inherent in any survey.

Details are shown below:-

POPULARITY OF POLITICAL LEADERS

5. Published Polls
(a) N.O.P. (Daily Mail 16th October 1981)

The Daily Mail on 16th October 1981 included a report of an NOP poll conducted in Crodyon N.W. on October $13 / 14$ th. NOP interviewed 715 electors throughout Croydon N.W. They found support for the three main candidates fairly evenly split with $36 \%$ of the electorate claiming they would vote for the Liberal Socail Democratic Alliance candidate, $32 \%$ Labour and $31 \%$ Conservative. The errors inherent in any opinion poll mean that the findings of the NOP survey are in effect showing all three candidates as being neck and neck eight days before polling.

NOP found Liberal-Social Democratic Alliance and Conservative voters claiming to be more determined to vote than Labour voters. They found the Alliance candidate picking up more voters from discontented -ex-Labour supporters than from ex-Conservative supporters.
(b) Gallup (Daily Telegraph 13th October 1981)

The Daily Telegraph on 13th October included the report of a Gallup survey conducted between September 30 th and October 5 th on attitudes towards the Conservative Party and Government.

Gallup asked electors whether their opinion of the Conservative Party has gone up or down since the General Election. They found:-

|  | $\frac{1981}{\%}$ | $\frac{1980}{\%}$ | $\frac{1979}{\%}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gone up | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| Gone down | 58 | 38 | 27 |
| Same | 35 | 53 | 60 |
| Don't know | 2 | 3 | 5 |

Almost two in three Conservatives (65\%) said they had not changed their opinion, $14 \%$ saic it had gone up and only $21 \%$ said it had gone down. It should be noted that this analysis is based only on those electors who support the Conservative Party at present.
Gallup asked people to select from a list of fourteen policy areas which, if any, they were disappointed with regard to the Government's performance.

|  | Disappointed with |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\mathrm{All}}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Conservative Voters }}{\%}$ |
| Full employment | 63 | 40 |
| Taxation | 40 | 25 |
| Education | 37 | 25 |
| Old Age Pensions | 37 | 23 |
| Heath Service | 35 | 20 |
| Economic and financial affairs gelierally | 28 | 13 |
| Housing | 26 | 10 |
| The Unions | 24 | 36 |
| Making things safer for people against |  |  |
| crime and violence | 24 | 29 |
| Immigration | 21 | 31 |
| Common Market | 19 | 11 |
| The public services and civil servants | 18 | 18 |
| Defence and armaments | 17 | 10 |
| Roads | 14 | 11 |
| None of these | 4 | 10 |

When asked whether people like themselves were better off or worse off than a year ago, the majority ( $64 \%$ ) said they were worse off, $11 \%$ said that they were better off and $23 \%$ saw no change in their circumstances. Those who thought they were better off or worse off were then asked whether this was caused mainly by the Government or mainly by economic factors outside the Government's control. Gallup found:
Due to:
$\frac{\text { Better Off }}{\%}$
$\frac{\text { Worse Off }}{\%}$

| Government | 24 | 38 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Economic factors | 35 | 25 |
| Both | 2 | 31 |
| Neither | 24 | 2 |
| Don't know | 15 | 4 |

When Gallup asked whether electors opinion of Mrs Thatcher had gone up or down since she became Prime Minister, they found:-

|  | $\frac{1981}{\%}$ | $\frac{1980}{\%}$ | $\frac{1979}{\%}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gone Up | 16 | 19 | 24 |
| Gone Down | 59 | 42 | 33 |
| Same | 23 | 35 | 40 |
| Don't know | 2 | 4 | 3 |

Among existing Conservative voters there was a net balance of opinion in Mrs Thatcher's favour: $41 \%$ said their opinion had gone $u p$ and $23 \%$ it had gone down.

When Gallup asked respondents what they thought of Mrs Thatcher's Cabinet, changes $49 \%$ agreed with the proposition that Mrs Thatcher had shown courage as a leader and put new life into her Government, $43 \%$ disagreed. $83 \%$ of Conservatives agreed.

When asked whether they thought Mrs Thatcher was right to replace Jim Prior as Minister of Employment - a third of the electors thought she was right and a third wrong. Among Conservative supporters $50 \%$ thought she was right and $17 \%$ wrong.

When asked whether they thought the Conservative Government had kept its election promises, Gallup found:-

|  | Sept | Sept | Oct |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1981 | 1980 | 1980 |
|  | \% | \% | \% |
| Have | 24 | 39 | 48 |
| Have note | 65 | 50 | 38 |
| Don't know | 11 | 11 | 14 |

Conservative supporters have greater confidence with $58 \%$ satisfied that the Government has kep its election promises - $33 \%$ are dissatisfied. When those respondents who said the Party had not kept its election promises were asked which ones they had in mind, the three most often mentioned were unemployment ( $38 \%$ ), taxation ( $24 \%$ ) and inflation (21\%).
(c) Gallup (Daily Telegraph 14th October 1981)

The Daily Telegraph on 14 th October 1981 included the result of a survey conducted from September 30 th and October 5 th on attitudes to public spending.

Gallup asked 'If the choice is between cutting taxes or cutting services, it would be better if charges were made from some services' - $62 \%$ agreed and $24 \%$ disagreed.

When asked about the balance between taxation and Government services that would be preferable, Gallup found:-

Taxes being cut even if it means some reduction in Government services such as health, education and welfare

23
20
Things should be left as they are 25
22

Government services such as health, education and welfare should be extended even if it means some increases in taxes

42

Don't know
10
6
(d) N.O.P. (Daily Mail 13th October 1981)

The NOP survey conducted on October 9/10th and published in the Daily Mail on 13 th October looked at attitudes to the Government among Conservative supporters NOP asked what they thought about the Government's performance in various areas of policy. They found:-

## Satisfied Dissatisfied Don't know

| The economy (\%) | 39 | 52 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Foreign Affairs (\%) | 68 | 14 | 18 |
| Law and Order (\%) | 55 | 39 | 6 |
| Defence (\%) (\%) | 61 | 29 | 10 |
| Trade Unions (\%) (\%) | 43 | 47 | 10 |
| Northern Ireland (\%) | 53 | 32 | 15 |

(e) NOP (Observer 18th October 1981)

The Observer on 18th October 1981 included a report on a survey carried out on 15th October.

NOP found that more than half (51\%) of those interviewed said they would not be prepared to pay higher taxes so that the Government could spend more money on measures to reduce the level of unemployment, while $38 \%$ said they would be prepared to pay for such measures.

In terms of voting intention $35 \%$ claimed they would vote Liberal-S.D. Alliance, $32 \%$ Conservative and 30\% Labour.

When asked whether the Government should change its economic policies - $63 \%$ thought it should, but only $19 \%$ think this will actually happen and $73 \%$ believe the policies will continue unchanged. Just over half of Conservative voters ( $52 \%$ ) want the Government to stick to its present economic policies.

NOP found electors almost equally divided ( $45 \%$ for and $44 \%$ against) the idea of Britain leaving the EEC. Most Labour voters ( $63 \%$ ) support the idea but Alliance voters are fairly evenly split ( $45 \%$ in favour of leaving, $47 \%$ against).

Opposition to Labour's policies of unilateral nuclear disarmament remains strong among the public - $65 \%$ against and only $28 \%$ in favour. Even Labour voters are against the policy - 52\% against, $41 \%$ for.


[^0]:    *First Gallup post-Election survey **Published Polls

