# Public Opinion Background Note 150 

(produced 18th February 1983)

## 1. Introduction

The results from our latest Gallup 'tracking' study are the same as those published in the Daily Telegraph on 17th February - compared with the January published poll (conducted 12/17 January) this survey found a fall in the Conservative lead over Labour from $12 \frac{1}{2} \%$ to $11 \%$. The results of this Gallup study can be compared with two other recent published surveys giving an analysis of voting intention.

Published Surveys

| Gallup (9/14 Feb) | CON | LAB | LIB | SOCIAL | LIBERAL \& | OTHER | $\frac{\text { LEAD CON OVER }}{\text { LABOUR }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% | DEMOCRATS | \% | \% |  |
|  | 43.5 | 32.5 | 10.5 | 11.5 | 22.0 | 2.0 | 11.0 |  |
|  | $\underline{C O N} \quad \underline{L A B}$ |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { ALLIANCE (LIBERAL }}{\& \text { SOCIAL DEMOCRAT) }}$ |  | OTHER | $\frac{\text { LEAD CON }}{\text { OVER LAB }}$ |
|  |  | \% |  | \% | \% |  | \% | \% |
| MORI (3/9 Feb) |  | 45 |  | 32 | 21 |  | 2 | 13.0 |
| Marplan (7/9 Feb) |  | 49 |  | 28 | 22 |  | 1 | 21.0 |

Although the interviewing for the MORI study was completed before our Gallup study it found a similar level of support for the parties. Gallup found $43 \frac{1}{2} \%$ claiming they would vote Conservative (MORI 45\%), 32 $1 / 2 \%$ Labour ( $32 \%$ MORI) and $22 \%$ for one of the Alliance parties ( $21 \%$ MORI). Gallup found a $11 \%$ Conservative lead over Labour and MORI a $13 \%$ lead. The results of the Marplan study are significantly out of line with all other published studies - they found $49 \%$ claiming they would vote Conservative, $28 \%$ Labour and $22 \%$ for one of the Alliance parties - giving a Conservative lead over Labour of $21 \%$. These Marplan results should be treated with caution as they are so significantly out of line with all other published surveys.

Our Gallup tracking study has found almost no change in the level of support for the main parties since the first study in 1983. In early January ( $7 / 11$ January) Gallup found $44 \%$ claiming they would vote Conservative - $43 \frac{1}{2} \%$ in the latest study (9/14 February), in early January $33 \%$ claiming they would vote Labour - $32 \frac{1}{2} \%$ in the latest study, and $21 \frac{1}{2} \%$ in early January claiming they would vote for one of the Alliance parties - $22 \%$ in the latest study.

If the level of support found in the Gallup and MORI studies was duplicated at a General Election it would result in the return of a Conservative Government with a comfortable majority.

The two tables overleaf show the trend of support for the main parties since early September 1982 - the first shows support when 'don't knows' are excluded (the 'conventional' way of presenting opinion research findings) and the second shows the figures when don't knows are included. In the latest study Gallup found $8 \%$ of respondents who did not give a voting intention or claimed they did not know how they would vote.
(unprompted question, excluding don't knows)

| CON | $\underline{L A B}$ | LIB | SOCIAL | OTH | LEAD | LIBERAL \& SOCIAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | DEMOCRAT |  | Con over Lab | DEMOCRAT |
| \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| 43.9 | 36.9 | 13.8 | - | 5.5 | +7.0 | 13.8 |
| 42.0 | 43.5 | 13.0 | - | 5.0 | -9.0 | 13.0 |
| 43.5 | 28.5 | 8.0 | 17.0+ | 3.0 | +15.0 | 25.0 |
| 44.0 | 30.5 | 8.5 | $14.5+$ | 2.5 | +13.5** | 23.0 |
| 42.0 | 33.0 | 8.0 | $15.0+$ | 2.0 | +9.0 | 23.0 |
| 43.0 | 29.5 | 12.5 | $13.0+$ | 2.0 | +13.5 | 25.5 |
| 40.0 | 31.5 | 13.5 | $13.0+$ | 2.0 | +8.5 | 26.5 |
| 42.5 | 32.0 | 10.5 | $13.0+$ | 2.0 | +10.5 | 23.5 |
| 43.0 | 31.0 | 9.0 | $13.5+$ | 3.5 | +12.0 | 22.5 |
| 40.5 | 29.0 | 12.0 | $15.0+$ | 3.5 | +11.5** | 27.0 |
| 48.0 | 31.0 | 8.5 | $11.0+$ | 1.5 | +17.0 | 19.5 |
| 44.0 | 33.0 | 9.0 | $12.0+$ | 2.0 | +11.0 | 21.0 |
| 42.0 | 35.0 | 8.0 | $13.0+$ | 2.0 | +7.0** | 21.0 |
| 41.5 | 33.0 | 9.0 | $14.0+$ | 2.5 | +8.5 | 23.0 |
| 46.5 | 32.0 | 7.5 | $11.5+$ | 2.5 | +14.5 | 19.0 |
| 43.0 | 35.0 | 9.0 | $11.0+$ | 2.0 | +8.0 | 20.0 |
| 41.0 | 34.5 | 9.0 | $13.0+$ | 2.5 | +6.5** | 22.0 |
| 44.0 | 33.0 | 10.5 | $11.0+$ | 1.5 | +11.0 | 21.5 |
| 44.0 | 31.5 | 11.5 | $11.0+$ | 2.0 | +12.5** | 22.5 |
| 47.5 | 30.5 | 9.0 | $11.0+$ | 2.0 | +17.0 | 20.0 |
| 45.0 | 31.0 | 10.0 | 12.0+ | 2.0 | +14.0 | 22.0 |
| 43.0 | 30.0 | 11.0 | $13.0+$ | 3.0 | +13.0 | 24.0 |
| 43.5 | 32.5 | 10.5 | $11.5+$ | 2.0 | +11.0** | 22.0 |

[^0](unprompted question, including don't knows)

|  | CON | $\underline{L A B}$ | LIB | $\frac{\text { SOCIAL }}{\text { EMOCRAT }}$ | OTH | $\frac{\text { DON'T }}{\text { KNOW }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEAD } \\ \text { Lab over } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IIBERAL } \\ & \& \text { SOCIAL } \\ & \text { DEMOCRAT } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| May (GE) | 43.9 | 36.9 | 13.8 | - | 5.5 | - | +7.0 | 13.8 |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/6 Sept | 39.0 | 26.0 | 7.0 | 15.0 | 3.0 | 10.0 | +13.0 | 22.0 |
| 8/13 Sept | 40.0 | 28.0 | 8.0 | 13.0 | 2.0 | 8.0 | +12.0** | 21.0 |
| 15/21 Sept | 38.0 | 29.0 | 7.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 11.0 | +9.0 | 19.0 |
| 22/27 Sept | 39.0 | 27.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 9.0 | +12.0 | 24.0 |
| 29th Sept/4th Oct | 37.0 | 29.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 8.0 | +8.0 | 24.0 |
| $6 / 11$ Oct | 38.0 | 29.0 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 1.0 | 10.0 | +9.0 | 22.0 |
| 13/18 Oct | 39.0 | 28.0 | 8.0 | 13.0 | 3.0 | 9.0 | +11.0 | 21.0 |
| 20/25 Oct | 37.0 | 27.0 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 4.0 | 8.0 | +10.0** | 24.0 |
| 27 Oct/1 Nov | 44.0 | 28.0 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 8.0 | +16.0 | 1 |
| 3/10 Nov | 41.0 | 31.0 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 2.0 | 8.0 | +10.0 | 19.0 |
| 10/15 Nov | 38.0 | 31.0 | 7.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 10.0 | +7.0** | 19.0 |
| 17/22 Nov | 41.0 | 29.0 | 11.0 | 9.0 | 1.0 | 9.0 | +12.0 | 20.0 |
| 24/29 Nov | 41.0 | 29.0 | 7.0 | 10.0 | 2.0 | 11.0 | +12.0 | 17.0 |
| $1 / 6 \mathrm{Dec}$ | 39.0 | 32.0 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 9.0 | + 7.0 | 18.0 |
| 8/13 Dec | 37.0 | 31.0 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 3.0 | 10.0 | +6.0** | 19.0 |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7/11 Jan | 39.5 | 29.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 1.5 | 10.5 | +10.0 | 19.0 |
| 12/17 Jan | 40.0 | 29.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 9.0 | +11.0 | 20.0 |
| 18/25 Jan | 43.0 | 28.0 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 10.0 | +15.0 | 18.0 |
| 27/31 Jan | 40.0 | 28.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 2.0 | 10.0 | +12.0 | 20.0 |
| 2/7 Feb | 39.0 | 27.0 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 9.0 | +12.0 | 22.0 |
| 9/14 Feb | 40.0 | 30.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 8.0 | +10.0 | 20.0 |

** Published polls, + includes those saying they would vote for the Alliance.

## 2. Government Record

The latest study found a slight further fall in the popularity of the Government - 39\% claimed to approve of the record of the Government, $49 \%$ disapproved and $12 \%$ did not have a view. This compares with the situation at the start of the year (7/11 January) when $43 \%$ claimed to approve of the record of the Government, $44 \%$ disapproved and $13 \%$ did not have a view.

Details of the trend of replies to this standard question since early September 1983 are shown below.

GOVERNMENT RECORD

| $\frac{\text { Approve }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Disapprove }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Don't Know }}{\%}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34 | 41 | 25 |

## 3. Popularity of Political Leaders

The latest 'tracking' study found a slight fall in Mrs Thatcher's popularity down from $46 \%$ ( $2 / 7 \mathrm{Feb}$ ) to $45 \%$ in the latest study ( $9 / 14 \mathrm{Feb}$ ). This compares with $48 \%$ claiming to be satisfied with Mrs Thatcher as Prime Minister in early January (7/11 January). Gallup found a marginal improvement in the popularity of Mr Foot, Mr Steel and Mr Jenkins.

Details of the trend since early September 1982 in the popularity of the leaders of the four main parties are shown in the table below:-

POPULARITY OF POLITICAL LEADERS


1982

| 1/6 Sept | 49 | 45 | 6 | 14 | 74 | 12 | 59 | 20 | 21 | 35 | 30 | 35 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8/13 Sept | 48 | 47 | 5 | -6 | 74 | 10 | 59 | 21 | 20 | 37 | 32 | 31 |
| 15/21 Sept | 46 | 49 | 6 | 14 | 73 | 12 | 62 | 19 | 19 | 33 | 34 | 33 |
| 22/27 Sept | 46 | 50 | 4 | 16 | 74 | 11 | 64 | 20 | 16 | 35 | 31 | 34 |
| 29 Sept/4 Oct | 44 | 51 | 5 | 27 | 60 | 13 | 64 | 19 | 17 | 36 | 33 | 31 |
| $6 \% .11$ Oct | 46 | 48 | 6 | 25 | 62 | 13 | 62 | 22 | 17 | 35 | 33 | 32 |
| 13/18 Oct | 45 | 50 | 5 | 23 | 66 | 11 | 56 | 25 | 19 | 34 | 36 | 30 |
| 20/25 Oct | 46 | 50 | 4 | 20 | 69 | 12 | 60 | 22 | 18 | 35 | 34 | 31 |
| 27 Oct/1Nov | 48 | 48 | 4 | 20 | 66 | 14 | 57 | 24 | 18 | 35 | 37 | 28 |
| $3 / 10 \mathrm{Nov}$ | 48 | 48 | 5 | 23 | 65 | 11 | 58 | 24 | 18 | 34 | 37 | 29 |
| 10/15 Nov | 44 | 52 | 5 | 22 | 67 | 12 | 59 | 22 | 19 | 37 | 33 | 30 |
| 17/22 Nov | 44 | 51 | 5 | 25 | 63 | 11 | 59 | 20 | 20 | 33 | 36 | 31 |
| 24/29 Nov | 48 | 47 | 5 | 18 | 68 | 14 | 57 | 22 | 20 | 31 | 35 |  |
| $1 / 6 \mathrm{Dec}$ | 45 | 51 | 5 | 23 | 67 | 10 | 62 | 18 | 19 | 35 | 34 | 31 |
| 8/13 Dec | 44 | 53 | 4 | 20 | 69 | 10 | 60 | 23 | 17 | 34 | 34 | 31 |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7/11 Jan | 48 | 47 | 6 | 18 | 68 | 14 | 62 | 20 | 17 | 30 | 33 | 36 |
| 12/17 J an | 49 | 45 | 6 | 17 | 69 | 14 | 62 | 19 | 19 | 30 | 31 | 39 |
| 18/25 J an | 51 | 44 | 5 | 18 | 72 | 10 | 61 | 20 | 19 | 33 | 35 | 31 |
| 27/31 Jan | 47 | 48 | 5 | 18 | 70 | 13 | 61 | 19 | 21 | 33 | 35 | 32 |
| 2/7 Feb | 46 | 49 | 5 | 15 | 72 | 13 | 60 | 22 | 17 | 31 | 40 | 29 |
| 9/14 Feb | 45 | 50 | 5 | 17 | 72 | 11 | 62 | 21 | 17 | 33 | 39 | 28 |

4. Published Polls

## (a) MORI (The Standard 15th February 1983)

The Standard on 15 th February included details of a MORI study conducted between February 3rd and 9th. Details of the trend of support for the main parties in MORI surveys since November are shown in the table below:-

## MORI Voting Intention

|  | Nov |  | Dec |  | Jan |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\%$ |  | Feb |  |  |
| Conservative | 42 |  | 42 |  | $\%$ |
| Labour | 33 | 35 | 35 | 45 |  |
| Alliance | 23 | 21 | 20 | 32 |  |
| Others | 2 | 2 | 1 | 21 |  |
| Conservative Lead | 9 | 7 | 9 | 13 |  |

MORI also asked similar questions to Gallup with regard to attitudes to the record of the Government and to the leaders of the main parties. The general trend is similar to that we found in our Gallup 'tracking' studies.

MORI Attitudes

| $\frac{\text { Nov }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Dec }}{\%}$ | Jan <br> $\%$ | Feb <br> $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 | 38 | 41 | 39 |
| 51 | 51 | 48 | 51 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 47 | 47 | 49 | 46 |
| 46 | 45 | 43 | 46 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 22 | 19 | 18 |
| 60 | 60 | 62 | 64 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 42 | 42 | 43 | 43 |
| 28 | 27 | 27 | 29 |
| 27 | 25 | 24 | 25 |
| 36 | 37 | 37 | 40 |

MORI also asked respondents 'What are the most important issues facing Britain today?' They found the importance of defence and disarmament has increased dramatically since November 1982 - up from $14 \%$ to $39 \%$. Details are shown overleaf:-

|  | Issues |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Unemployment | 87 | 83 | 85 | 88 |
| Defence/disarmament | 14 | 25 | 28 | 39 |
| Prices/inflation | 29 | 24 | 28 | 26 |
| Union/strikes | 6 | 5 | 6 | 10 |
| Law and Order | 10 | 13 | 11 | 7 |
| Education | 8 | 6 | 8 | 7 |

Electors were asked what they think the general economic condition of the country will be like over the next 12 months. Twice as many (45\%) said things will get as worse as reckon will improve ( $23 \%$ ). Of the others $27 \%$ think things will 'stay the same' and the rest did not have a view.

MORI found a massive Conservative lead of $26 \%$ over Labour in the London TV area, $9 \%$ in the Midlands, $16 \%$ in Scotland and 1\% in Northern England.
(b) Gallup (Daily Telegraph 17th February 1983)

The Daily Telegraph on 17th February included details of a Gallup study conducted between 9 th and 14 th February. In addition to the standard 'tracking' study questions Gallup also asked a range of other questions.

Gallup showed respondents a list of 12 possible topics of likely concern at the next General Election and asked respondents which of them should be concentrated on by the politicians. They found:-

|  | Most |  | Important |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Feb }}{}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{Jan}}{}$ | $\frac{\text { Dec }}{}$ |
|  | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| Unemployment | 89 | 87 | 89 |
| Prices | 64 | 60 | 59 |
| Law and Order | 48 | 38 | 41 |
| Defence | 48 | 37 | 30 |
| NHS | 48 | 40 | 42 |
| Education | 43 | 35 | 38 |
| Taxation | 41 | 28 | 28 |
| Housing | 40 | 34 | 33 |
| Pensions | 39 | 27 | 31 |
| Unions | 35 | 21 | 20 |
| Race | 30 | 25 | 23 |
| Europe | 29 | 23 | 22 |

The percentage selecting the defence issue has increased from $30 \%$ in December 1982 to $48 \%$ in the latest study.

When Gallup asked respondents what they regarded as the most urgent problems facing the country. Details for the supporters of the main parties are shown below:-

|  | Most Urgent Problems |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | $\frac{\text { Conservative }}{\text { Supporters }}$ | $\frac{\text { Labour }}{\text { Supporters }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Liberal } \\ & \text { Supporters } \end{aligned}$ | SDP <br> Supporters |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Unemployment | 87 | 85 | 91 | 83 | 89 |
| Cost of living/prices | 19 | 17 | 22 | 17 | 19 |
| Defence/Nuclear Weapons | 19 | 19 | 16 | 19 | 31 |
| General Economic Problems | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 15 |
| Strikes/Trade Unions | 10 | 16 | 3 | 8 | 9 |
| Health/Hospitals | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 5 |
| Law and Order | 7 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| Housing/Rates | 5 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 4 |

The importance of the defence/nuclear weapons issue has increased considerably since last year - concern over this issue is particularly high among SDP supporters.

Gallup asked respondents whether they saw the main parties as being united or divided at the present time. They found:-

Parties - United/Divided
United Divided Don't Know

| Labour (\%) | 12 | 82 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Conservative (\%) | 66 | 25 | 8 |
| Alliance (\%) | 34 | 42 | 24 |

Labour is seen as being a divided party by $82 \%$ of respondents ( $12 \%$ united). The Conservatives are seen as being united by $66 \%$ of respondents $-25 \%$ divided. The Alliance was seen as being united by $34 \%$ of respondents and by $42 \%$ as divided. When asked which party was seen as having the best policies and best leaders they found:-

## Best Policies - Best Leaders

|  | Best Policies <br>  <br> Conservative | Best Leaders <br> Labour |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Liberal | 41 | 48 |
| Social Democrats | 26 | 16 |
| Alliance | 8 | 13 |
| Other | 4 | 5 |
| Don't Know | 4 | 4 |
|  | 1 | 1 |
| The Conservatives are seen as having the best policies by $41 \%$ of the electorate and the |  |  |
| best leaders by $48 \%$ of the electorate. |  |  |

Gallup also asked respondents which party do you think has the best policies on a range of issues? They found:-

## Best Policies



The Conservatives have a lead with regard to dealing with inflation and prices, Britain's defence, the Common Market, strikes and industrial relations and law and order. Labour have a lead on reputation for dealing with unemployment, the na pnal health service and education and schools.

Gallup asked respondents a range of questions on economic policies. They found:-

## Economic Policies

| Very | $\frac{\text { Quite }}{\text { Important }}$ | $\frac{\text { Not very }}{\text { Important }} \quad \frac{\text { Not at all }}{\text { Important }} \quad$ Don't |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Important | Know |  |


| There are tax cuts right <br> across the board (\%) | 37 | 30 | 22 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The standard rate of <br> income tax drops to $25 p(\%) 38$ | 31 | 18 | 7 | 4 |
| Inflation is cut to below <br> $5 \%(\%)$ | 52 | 28 | 12 | 3 |

$85 \%$ thought it 'very important' the unemployment $\quad$ drastically reduced, $77 \%$ the economic situation . . substantially improves, $52 \%$ that inflation is cut to below $5 \%, 38 \%$ that the standard rate of income tax drops to 25 p and $37 \%$ there are tax cuts right across the board.

Gallup asked 'Have you ever voted for, or considered voting for the Alliance between the Social Democrats and the Liberals?' - $6 \%$ claimed they had voted for the Alliance $31 \%$ they had considered voting for the Alliance and $64 \%$ they had never considered voting for the Alliance. They also asked 'The Alliance between the Social Democrats and the Liberals has not been doing so well recently in the opinion polls and local elections. Why do you think this is? They found $19 \%$ mentioning the Alliance having
no definite policies, $17 \%$ they are not united, $12 \%$ an untried party, $8 \%$ not enough publicity and $7 \%$ not powerful enough.
(c) Marplan (Guardian 17th February 1983)

The Guardian on 17th February included details of a Marplan poll conducted between 7th and 9 th February. The survey found $49 \%$ claiming theywould vote Conservative, $28 \%$ Labour, $22 \%$ Alliance and $1 \%$ for 'other' parties. details of the trend of support for the parties in Marplan studies is shown below:-

Marplan Voting Intention

(d) NOP (Daily Mail 18th February 1983)

The Daily Mail on 18th February 1983 included details of a NOP poll conducted in Bermondsey on 15 th/16th February. They found that among those who said they are certain to vote that $34 \%$ claimed they would vote for Peter Tatchell (Labour), $28 \%$ for Simon Hughes (Liberal/SDP), 24\% for John O'Grady (Real Bermondsey Labour), 11\% for Robert Hughes (Conservative) and $4 \%$ for 'other' parties.

## (e) ORC t杖ekend World 13th February 1983)

The Weekend World programme on 13th February 1983 included details of an ORC survey on attitudes to nuclear weapons. The survey was conducted 9/10 February.

ORC asked respondents 'Do you approve or disapprove of the Government's plans to accept the basing of Cruise Missiles in Britain?' $39 \%$ of respondents claimed to approve of the basing of Cruise Missiles in Britain, $47 \%$ disapprove and $14 \%$ did not have a view. ORC asked respondents whether they would prefer keys to fire Cruise Missiles to be held by USA or jointly by USA and Britain. Only $4 \%$ wanted the keys to be held by the USA, $89 \%$ jointly by USA and Britain and $7 \%$ did not have a view. They also asked 'If the keys to fire the missiles were held jointly by America and Britain, would you be more likely or less likely to accept the Cruise Missiles?' $37 \%$ claimed to be more likely, $8 \%$ less likely, $50 \%$ it would make not difference and $5 \%$ did not have a view.

When ORC asked 'Who do you think is more to blame for non progress of the arms reduction talks between America and Russia?' - 15\% blamed America, 31\% blamed Russia, 43\% both equally and $10 \%$ did not have a view. When asked 'If America now made concessions to break the deadlock would you be more likely or less likely to support the basing of Cruise in Britain?' - $21 \%$ claimed they would be more likely to support Cruise, $13 \%$ less likely, $55 \%$ make no difference and $12 \%$ had no view.

ORC asked 'Should Britain buy the Trident nuclear missile system to replace the present British nuclear deterrent?' - $37 \%$ thought we should buy Trident, $40 \%$ we should not buy Trident and $23 \%$ did not have a view.

In terms of voting intention ORC found $49 \%$ claiming they would vote Conservative, $33 \%$ Labour, $17 \%$ Alliance and $1 \%$ for 'other' parties.


[^0]:    * First Gallup Post-Election Survey, ** Published Polls, + includes those saying they would vote for the Alliance.

