GALA LUNCH: BONN: 18 NOVEMBER 1981

Mr. Chancellor, your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen.

I warmly agree with what you have just said, Mr. Chancellor, about our common interests. This is a birthday party. As such it is an occasion to celebrate.

It is one of which it is fitting to look with purpose to the future as well as with satisfaction to the past.

I think it is right to begin with a reference to the

past because I fear that the passage of events

in the 20th century has often blinded people to

the deeper truths about politics and about

nations.

[Values inherited from the past.

- Changing and unchanging elements.

 Their contemporary meaning.
- Open societies and closed societies.

 The UK, the Federal Republic, the United States as examples of open societies.
- The need to preserve economic freedom if we are to preserve political freedom.
- A willingness to defend both.

Life is more than mere survival.

How do we get this across to a generation which has known nothing else?

Need to find means of transmitting our values to them.

The role of the European Community,/within the

European Community, of cooperation between Britain

and the Federal Republic.

har sometime Unded in to we depre Political hulter by whitere has Cooperation extends beyond politics and Government. German music is as much a part of our cultural tradition as, I hope and believe, English literature is part of yours. I am glad to see the British Director of the Cologne Opera, and the British conductor of the Bamberger Sinfonia in the audience. Henry Moore's statue, which I saw again this morning outside the Chancellery, is, I believe a familiar landmark in Bonn. Full I am delighted that so many aspects of our relationship are represented here today.

There: There is Dame Lilo Milchsack, the initiator and guiding spirit of the unique Koenigswinter Conferences.

She is said to be retiring shortly, but I am not sure that anyone believes this.

There is Sir Frank Roberts, her British collaborator and President of the Anglo/German Association. There is Mrs Doris Krug who has played such an important role in bringing together the young people of our two countries and laying the basis for new lifetimes of friendship and trust. I am pleased too that Herr Hans Buchler and Sir Bernard Braine, the Chairmen of the British/ German Parliamentary Group are with us. The Group has played a key part in developing

our bilateral links.

Britain and Germany also stand side by side in NATO.

That link is symbolised here by the presence of the Commanders in Chief of the British Army of the Rhine and of the Royal Air Force, Germany.

It is right also that the American and French
Ambassadors should be with us, symbolising the
Allied responsibility towards Berlin.

Lord Carrington confirmed Britain's commitment

which we realfy for their to Berlin when he visited the city a few weeks

agor of fredo.

Finally, Mr. Chancellor, I should like to pay tribute to

all that you have done in and out of office to

strengthen the friendship between our two countries.

Your knowledge of our language, your understanding

of our ways have made you a potent force for good

in Anglo/German relations.

In particular, you always believed in British membership of the Community.

You were not alone in that - in Germany and elsewhere - but you were steadfast in it and in supporting it through thick and thin.

Let us today reaffirm the strength of Anglo/German

friendship andour shared conviction of the need

of the friendship both to our European

enterprise and to our partnership with the United

States.

Mr. Chancellor, at this celebration of the 10th of our regular meetings, let us drink to the best of friendships - that between the Federal Republic and Britain.